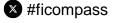




Confederación Española de Cooperativas de Trabajo Asociado

Cooperative movement perspective

Pedro Blázquez, Project Coordinator, COCETA, the Spanish Confederation of Worker Cooperatives

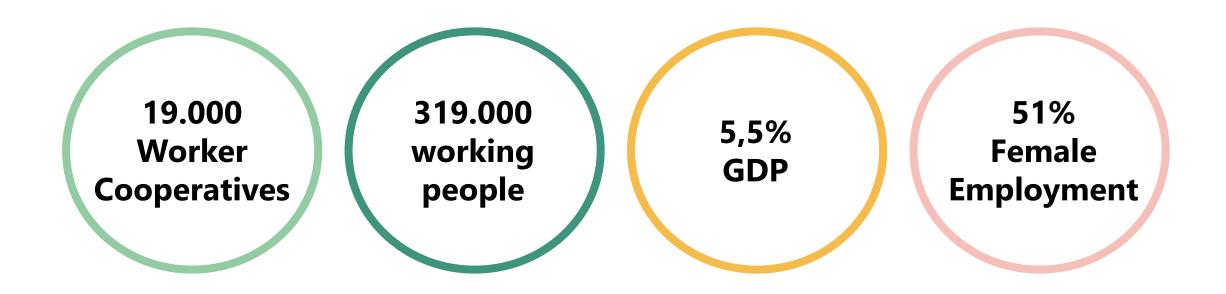






STATISTICAL DATA (WORK COOPERATIVES 2023)





It is estimated that more than 100 cooperatives are recovered by workers each year.





Framework for the action of cooperativism





Crises
Generational replacement
Motivation



Lack of information in companies and workers



Bankruptcy Law: Article 219 preferential right



Capitalization of unemployment and needs in large transformation processes







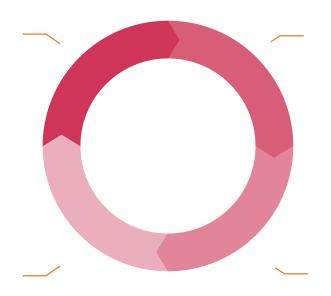
Why transfer companies to the workers of a cooperative?



1

Local Wealth and Health

The benefit stays in the community



Participatory democracy

Worker participation in decision-making



Savings in public spending

Lower unemployment spending and higher tax revenues



Ease of obtaining social capital





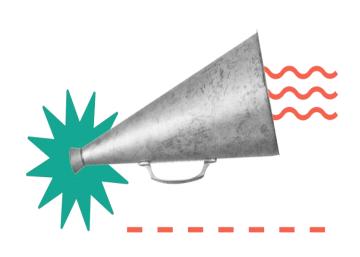




Strategic lines to keep employment through worker cooperatives



Actions aimed to workers



http://reinventaencoop.coceta.coop/

OBJECTIVES	STRATEGIES	
1.1. Raising awareness about the possibilities of transferring and wbo	- Make visible to working people the possibility of acquiring the company as working member	
1.2. Adapt existing possibilities of transformation to particular realities	 Analyze and investigate the different casuistry for the transformation Have action methodologies adaptable to each situation Have specific training itineraries for the transformation processes Have Counseling and Mentoring programs that facilitate the processes 	
1.3. Collaborate in wbo processes	 Facilitate the appropriate mechanisms in the wbo processes into cooperatives Train future members Advise and accompany the members in the first steps of the cooperative 	







Strategic lines to keep employment through worker cooperatives



Support elements for wbo processes



OBJECTIVES	STRATEGIES	
1.4. Regulatory and normative	- Have a favorable regulatory framework	
1.5. Networking and development of shared knowledge platforms	 Find interested parties in the matter share public proposals Disinterestedly sharing information, materials and communication mechanisms that may affect a larger target group 	
1.6. Search for financing	 Get the best financial conditions for investment instruments Obtain subsidies and aid that can be directed to the processes of transformation into cooperatives 	

https://www.wins-project.eu/the-knowledge-platform







Strategic lines to keep employment through worker cooperatives



Actions directed at third parties / stakeholders



http://savingjobs.coceta.coop/

OBJECTIVES	STRATEGIES	
1.6. Third parties / stakeholders	 Link advisers and lawyers and create networks of experts in the field Link the Representative Cooperative Organizations in the territories in the transformation processes Link Representative Unions Link to other representative Business Organizations Link public administrations Link the credit sector 	













Thank you!

pedro@coceta.coop







Key metrics 2024





4763 societies 4339 424 subsidiaries

cooperative societies

2765 Scop 1490 Scic

(cooperative& participative societies)

(cooperative societies of collective interest)



By Business sector







SERVICES

36%

CONSTRUCTION

17%

INDUSTRY

12%

have invested in their company's capital, in other words +2/3 of employees

of employees work in a cooperative formed through transfer, takeover or transformation

Revenue





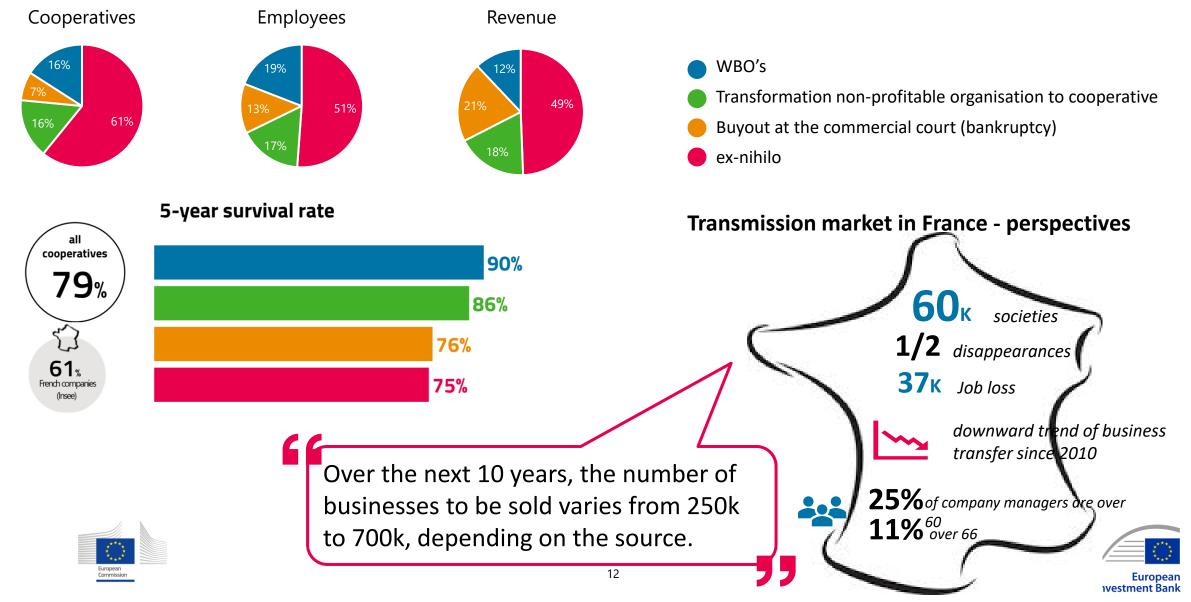
10,2 billions€



_escor

Companies' creation origins





Challenges of business transfer

Economic

- economic activity
- know-how

Social

- jobs
- transmissior
- intergenerational

Territorial issues

- population
- development
- local economy

Benefits of Workers Buy-Out (WBO)

A buy-out by one or more employees would **increase** the lifespan of a company to 5 years by between 12 and 15% (*):

Knowledge of the company, how it operates, its business, its customers...

Territorial and economic anchoring of the business, no relocation of the decision-making center

Continuity thanks to a smooth succession process

Obstacles to Workers Buy-Out (WBO)



General

- # Insufficient information
- # Lack of foresight
- # Financing and support difficulties

Specific

- # Lack of knowledge of the possible methods of employee buy-outs
- # Supposed or actual lack of financial capacity on the part of worker buy-out
- # Talking price with employees, with the preconceived idea that selling to employees is tantamount to "selling off" the company

Contribution factors

- # Communication
- # Project Support
- # Anticipation
- # Support from public policies and proposals for the development of systems

Actions implemented

Raising awareness among professionals

- **#** Support networks
- # Company advisors (accountants; lawyers)
- # Trade federations
- # Banking networks

Communication

- # Print media, radio
- # Digital (networks, dedicated

websites:

https://www.jetransmetsamessalaries.fr/http://www.transmea.coop/

Support and dedicated financing

Buyers and sellers



The support process

in coordination with our partners







- # Audit of the feasibility of the operation (including the manager's willingness to sell)
- # Assessment of the team's entrepreneurial capacity (support in finding a manager if necessary)

Company valuation

Carried out by a certified accountant



Negotiations between sellers and buvers

Validation of the proposed price and support in negotiations



Economic forecast

- # Support in drawing up a provisional income statement
- # Preparation of the financial paperwork



- # Drawing up a suitable financing plan, search for partners
- # Mobilization of financing







Development

- # Long-term support, management support, strategic, economic, financial and governance advice, with regular visits to the company
- # Support for external growth and restructuring operations



- Regular monitoring to ensure the implementation of appropriate management tools in collaboration with the company's advisors, strategic support, governance support
- # Specific training and support for managers and partners



- # Assistance with the legal set-up
- # Formalization of the takeover with the support of a network of lawyers (memorandum of understanding, guarantee of assets and liabilities, transfer agreement)

Investment Bank



14

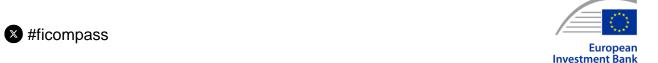




Thank you!

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WBO: the Italian experience

Key takeaways

- The cooperative model supports the success of business regeneration in case of company crisis.
- A conducive legal and regulatory framework.
- An efficient use of public resources addressing reindustrialization initiatives.
- The central role of the Italian cooperative system (cooperative business associations, cooperative financial instruments, cooperative enterprises).



WBO Fonderia Dante (San Bonifacio, Verona – Italy)





The sectoral approach to WBOs



- Legacoop Produzione e Servizi
 (LPS) is the largest Italian business
 association of production, workers
 and service cooperatives belonging
 to Legacoop.
- 69,9% of WBOs set-up between 2011 and 2023 operate in the manufacturing sector (source: TEHA Group on CFI data, 2024)
- LPS plays a coordination role in WBO initiatives at national level and is part of the CFI Board.













The operational model



Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Phase 4
Pre-feasibility analysis	Business Plan definition	WBO set-up and acquisition/renting of the existing company	Cooperative business development
1	2	3	4





The different phases (I)



Phase 1

Pre-feasibility analysis

Objective: assess the essential elements for WBOs implementation (A, B, C).

Factors to consider:

- A sector or a market crisis may represent a major challenge
- Information and awareness raising activities on the cooperative model are crucial to assess workers' motivation
- Lower capital intensive projects are easier pursue.

A) Evaluation of the reasons behind the crisis: market and sector analysis

B) Cooperative entrepreneurial mindset, motivation and professional know-how

C) Preliminary definition of financial needs

Phase 2

Business Plan definition

Objective: to formulate a cautious and realistic Business Plan able to ensure the workers' coop a medium-long term sustainability and to keep the entrepreneurial risk at the lowest possible level.

Innovation vs. Business continuity

Economic and financial sustainability
Financial intervention strategy and instruments





The different phases (II)



Phase 3

WBO set-up and acquisition of existing company

Objective: support the group of workers in the establishment of the cooperative and in the definition of the takeover process. Relevant ground elements:

- Business relocation cases are more and more frequent and difficult to deal with.
- Workers' preferential right in takeover bids facilitates the success of the WBO initiative.

Involvement of varied expertise

Discussion with Trade Unions on labour factors

Key role of Giudicial Courts in insolvency proceedings and bunkruptcy

Phase 4

Cooperative business development

Objective: ensure the transition to the cooperative business model and increase business opportunities within the cooperative system (1-3 years) Continuous Training and coaching activities

Networking within the cooperative system





Legacoop's role



- Legacoop coordinates all the actors engaged in a WBO project:
- Workers
- Trade Unions
- Local, regional, national institutions
- Professionals, experts, managers
- Company owners
- Cooperative financial instruments and banks
- Business associations
- Judicial Courts
- Other cooperatives and private companies (customers, suppliers, partners and potential financial shareholders).







Constant adaptation and testing of new solutions: Coopla Green



- Different European legal framework and transition towards a sustainable production process
- Support to the creation of a new target market
- Regional financial institutions and use of regional instruments (financial guarantees)
- Financial pooling and use of a crowdfunding campaign













Recommendations from the Italian experience



1

Communication and awareness raising

Knowledge dissemination as to increase the number of projects



Capacity building for Legacoop's operators

To reinforce the network of operators supporting WBOs

3

New financial instruments

- Invest in high capital intensive industrial sectors and in larger sized companies
- Acquire company capital assets to reduce

 WBO financial exposure

Support to technical assistance

- Increased use of EU Funds
- Better integration among regional, national and European resources and Funds







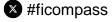






Addressing the EU's succession challenge with employee-buyouts

Kosta Juri, Institute for Economic Democracy

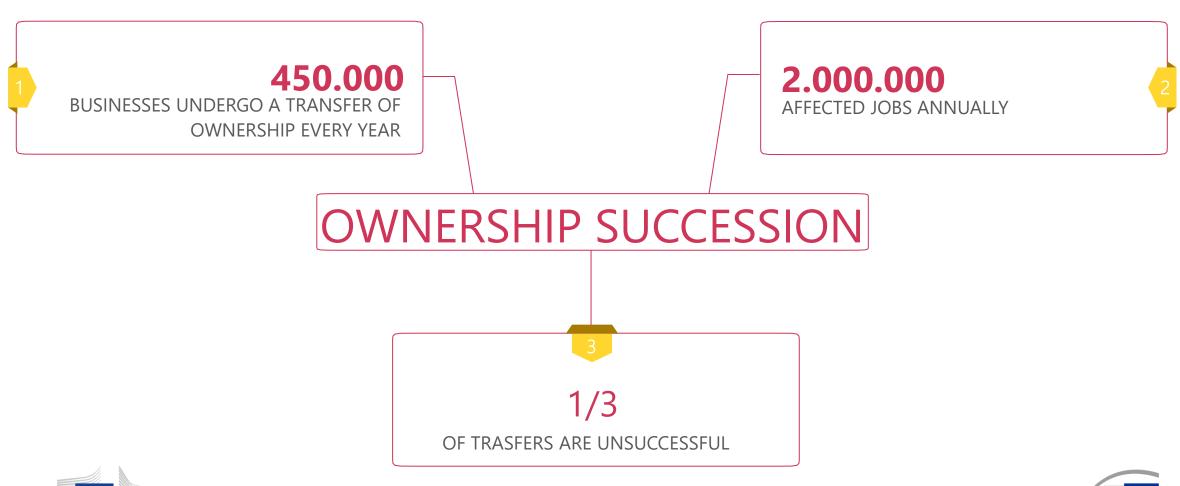






THE SCALE OF THE CHALLENGE IN THE EU



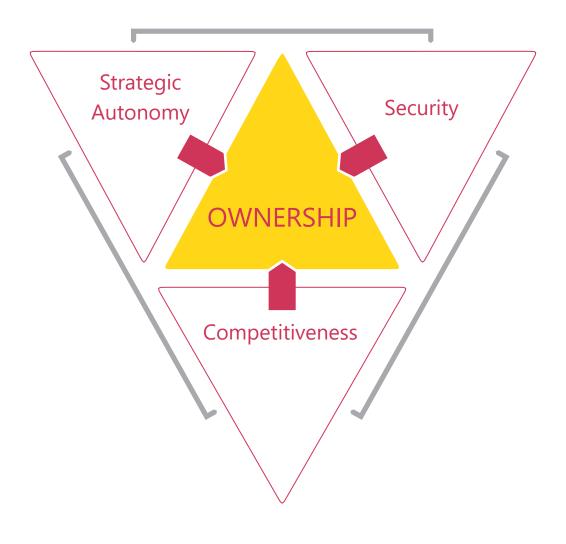




Ownership is central to tackling the EU's main challenges



OWNERSHIP SUCCESSION







Available succession options are not enough

OWNERSHIP SUCCESSION





Ensures business continuity

Preferred option by business owners

Low interest among family members

Selling to a competitor

High offer

Threat to business continuity

Low commitment to local community

Private equity

High offer

Threat to business continuity

Low commitment to local community & social responsibility







Available succession options are not enough

OWNERSHIP SUCCESSION





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POSSIBLE THREAT TO EU STRATEGIC AUTONOMY

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Private equity

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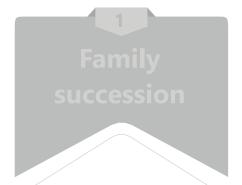




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Selling to a competitor

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Employee Ownership

Social and economic multipliers

Anchors ownership in local community

Ensures business continuity

Financing

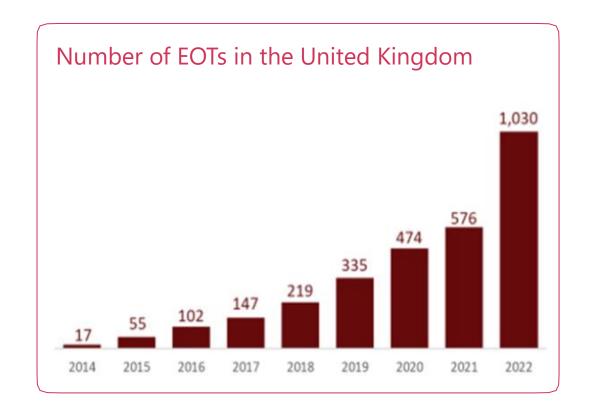




Making employee buyouts work for succession ownership succession



- Important lessons from US, UK and Canada
 - Employee Stock Ownership Plans (ESOPs)
 6000+ SMEs, 2,5M workers
- Employee Ownership Trusts (EOTs)
 2nd most popular succession tool in the UK
- Key characteristics:
- Financial leverage → ensures affordability
- **Separate legal entity** → partial buyouts







Making employee buyouts work for succession OWNERSHIP SUCCESSION



Financial Legal certainty Technical support Tax advantages mechanisms Incentivise owners Help bridge Help supporting Special purpose organisations vehicle and financiers financing gap Ensure businesses can **Ensure social** Make employees' Encourage offer competitive, responsibility, market commercial banks turn to expert advice alleviate burden of viability and prevent through loan when seeking to implement employee misuse financial leverage quarantees → EU EO Framework? ownership







Thank you!

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n Institute for Economic Democracy









Thank you!

www.fi-compass.eu

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