

Performance based financial instruments – lessons learnt from other funds

Frank Lee,

Head of Financial Intermediary Advisory Division, European Investment Bank

Angelina Todorova-Boneva,

Former Deputy Minister of Regional Development and Public Works, Ministry of Regional Development and Public Works, Bulgaria

Rūta Dapkutė-Stankevičienė,

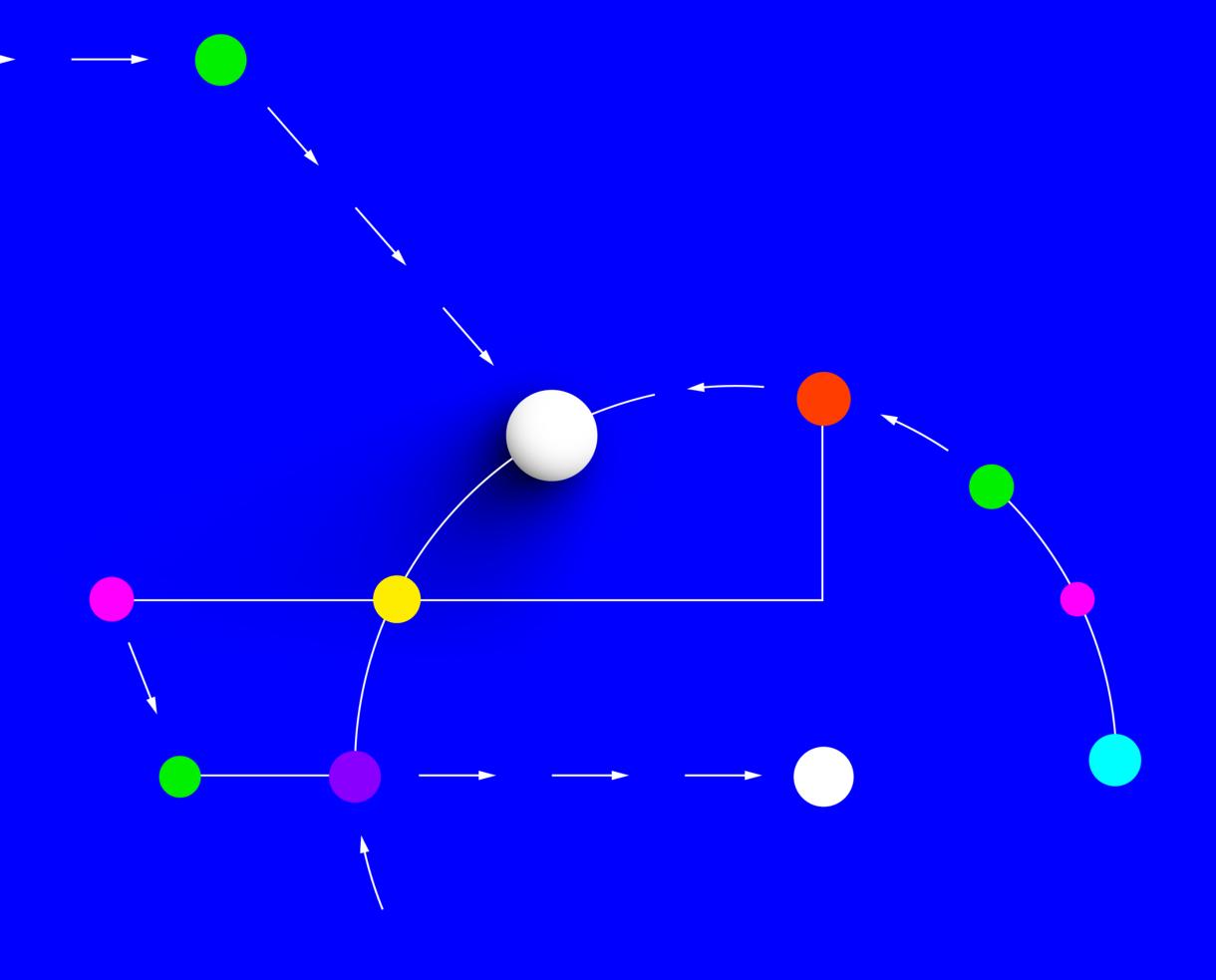
Cohesion Policy Attaché, Permanent Representation of Lithuania to the European Union

Vivi Papasouli,

Mandate Manager, European Investment Fund











Setting the scene - key differences



Shared Management Funding

- EUR 543bn (including co-financing)
- Programme based, with ex ante conditionalities
- 7 (+2) year implementation period, fostering longer term investment
- Co-financing requirement, ensuring MS ownership of programmes and also generating leverage
- Reform role not explicit but inherent in many investment areas
- Element of thematic concentration
- Payment based on defrayed costs
- Explicitly foresaw role of financial instruments in regulatory framework
- CPR foresees continuation of FIs over successive implementation periods

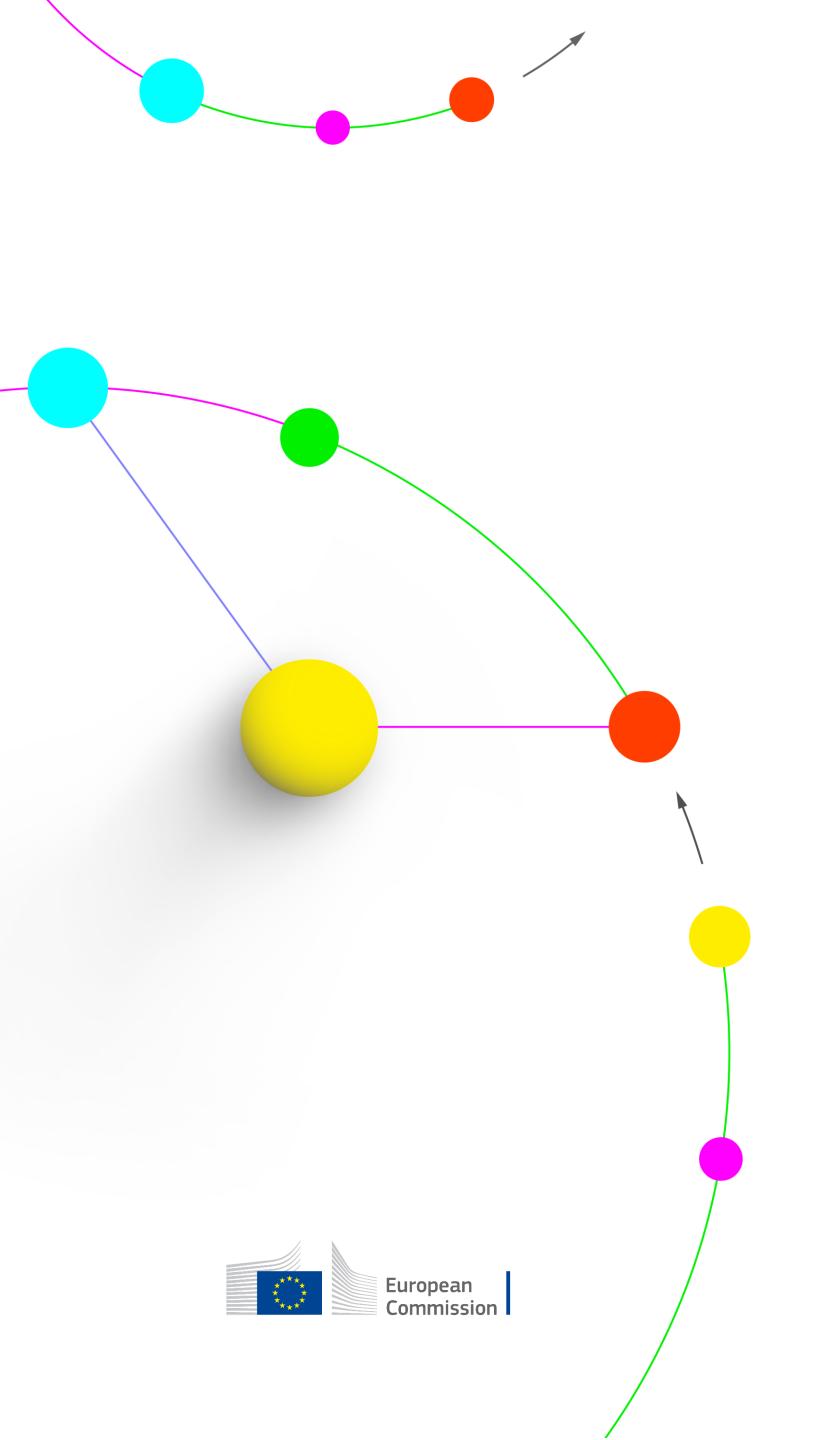
Recovery and Resilience Facility

- EUR 723bn (EUR 385bn* loans and EUR 338 grant)
- Based on National Recovery and Resilience Plan
- As recovery instrument, short implementation period final milestones achieved by mid 2026.
- No co-financing required
- Able to finance public administration reforms
- Strict thematic concentration climate and digital
- Payments based on achievement of milestones and targets
- Arguably did not envisage role of financial instruments initially – relying on CPR for inspiration and guidance

What features work best for FIs, how might future policy instruments be aligned?



^{*} not all requested by MS



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Thank you

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