

Financial Instruments 2014-2020 under European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF)

Financial Instruments under JEREMIE In Bulgaria

Brussels, 19-20 January 2015

Miglena Dobreva Ministry of Economy of Republic of Bulgaria Kiril Velitchkov CIBANK, KBC Group



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- Why did the MA implement Financial Instruments?
- How was it set-up?
- What has been the impact of the financial instrument and what are the lessons learned so far?





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MA Perspective: Why did we implement Financial Instruments?

- Financial instruments in BG are set-up as a dedicated axis under OP "Competitiveness" which has an overall budget of EUR 1.16bn;
- Implementation of financial instruments allowed for addressing the serious market failures in the debt and venture capital markets in BG that could be addressed only through a long-term strategy of tailor-made financial instruments;
- EIF selected as a partner due to expertise, proven capacity in the matter and transparency of the entire management process;
- JEREMIE portfolio in BG comprises of 5 equity and debt products providing tailor-made support at each stage of SME lifecycle;
- Initial budget of EUR 199m later increased to EUR 349m from other axes due to better impact and utilization potential.





First Loss Portfolio Guarantee need and set up



Address main debt market inefficiency:

- SMEs inability to borrow credit lack of sufficient collateral;
- Credit enhancement product aimed at improving access to credit for SMEs;

FLPG set-up:

- Budget of EUR 72.2m resulting in a portfolio of EUR 361m;
- Strong interest from banking sector to the Call for Eol;
- Ensured a diversified mix of selected banks to fully cover the SME spectrum in BG, incl. regionally;

FLPG results:

- Over 4,700 loans extended to date with avg. loan size of circa EUR 60k;
- Overall collateralization of FLPG portfolio stands at 48% compared to over 100% in the banking sector;
- Reduction of interest rate ranging 0.5% 2.5%;
- Full utilisation and further budget increase;

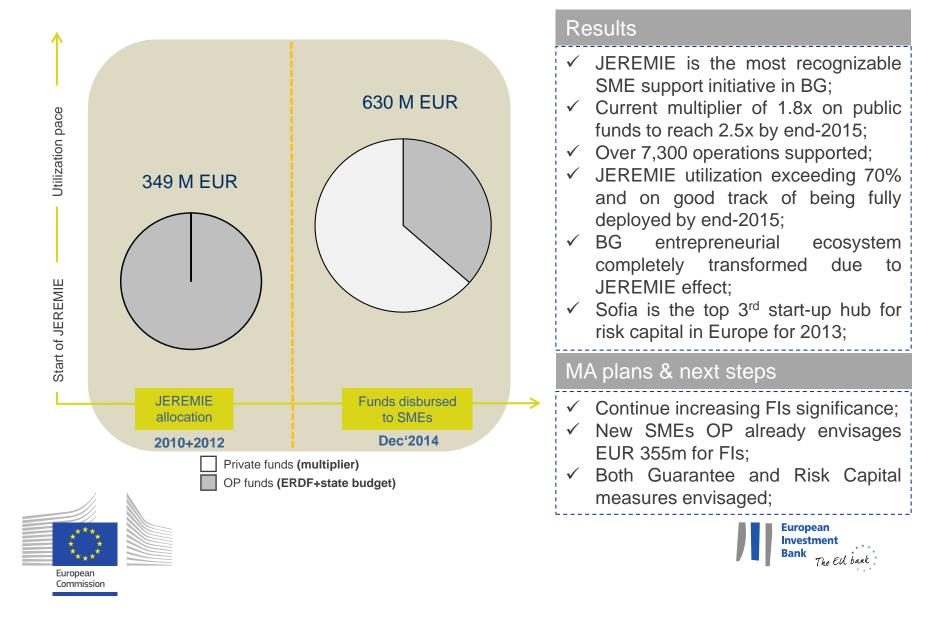


- ✓ Only 1/3 of loan applications turn successful*
- Majority of micro and small companies experience difficulties or unable to borrow
- ✓ 5x multiplier of ERDF funds
- ✓ Banks representing 80% of the whole sector applied
- ✓ 5 selected intermediaries
- ✓ 60% micro companies
- ✓ Tangible transfer of benefit to SMEs
- ✓ Funding riskier projects that otherwise will not be funded



Overall JEREMIE results & next steps





The FLPG example of CIBANK





- SME focus
- Usage of 15 FIs
 (EIB; EIF, EAFRD, EMFF, etc.)
- 38% of the SME portfolio covered by credit guarantees



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FLPG DEVELOPMENT

- Budget EUR 71m
- Utilization 86%
- 473 loans

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- Average loan –
 EUR 130k
- IL/WCL 19/81%



IMPACT

on SMEs

- reduced collaterals (50%)
- reduced interest (up to 2.5%);
 with EIB (up to 3.5%);
- reduced fees (by 50%)
- effective EU support
 on CIBANK
- credit risk reduction
- effective and efficient recovery (EIF guarantee)
- capital relief (EIF AAA guarantor)
 the spillover effect



Lessons learned







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- Fls transferred tangible benefits
 to the SMEs
- Demand for SME credit guarantees
- It is a capacity building process
- Further simplification is needed
- The partnership between all the key stakeholders is of key importance





Thanks for your attention !

For further information on the use of Financial Instruments in Bulgaria, please contact:

The Managing Authority, Ministry of Economy:

 Miglena Dobreva, Ministry of Economy of Republic of Bulgaria <u>m.dobreva@mee.government.bg</u>

The European Investment Fund:

Piotr Stolowski, Head of Region <u>p.stolowski@eif.org</u>

CIBANK – Financial intermediary under FLPG:

Kiril Velitchkov, CIBANK (KBC Group) <u>kvelitchkov@cibank.bg</u>



