



The use of financial instruments in the energy and waste sectors in the Programming Period 2014-2020 - Ex-ante study

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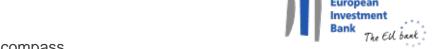


Ex-ante summary

Four sectors analysed in the ex-ante study under an OP:

- Renewable energy sources (RES)
- Energy efficiency (EE) in large enterprises
- EE in multi-residential buildings
- Waste incineration plants









RES market features

- RES support system based on auctions and guaranteed off-take energy prices envisaged
- Commercial banks willing to fund RES projects that win auctions at reasonable off-take prices
- The investment gap relates to insufficient equity in financial project structures
 - this gap can be bridged with Fls supported by subordinated debt (SD) to supplement the equity provided by developers to meet banks' equity requirements









Soft market testing

Conclusions

- A lot of interest from the main market players RES developers and banks
- Possibility to deploy SD as a pilot scheme to minimise the risk associated with its implementation









Objectives

- Fill in the estimated market gap for RES projects
- Provide support for medium and small RES developers
- Design an FI which could be treated by banks in RES projects financial structures (project finance) as a partial equity substitute









Key parameters

- Equity to cover 25% of CAPEX
- SD to be subordinated to senior debt
 - any repayment of the SD or interest payments only possible at a specific point in time (e.g. once or twice a year) and subject to conditions imposed by the senior lenders
- SD to cover up to 50% of equity, with a minimum 10% own equity contribution to CAPEX from project sponsors
 - e.g. with a D/E 75:25, SD could cover max 12.5% of the CAPEX

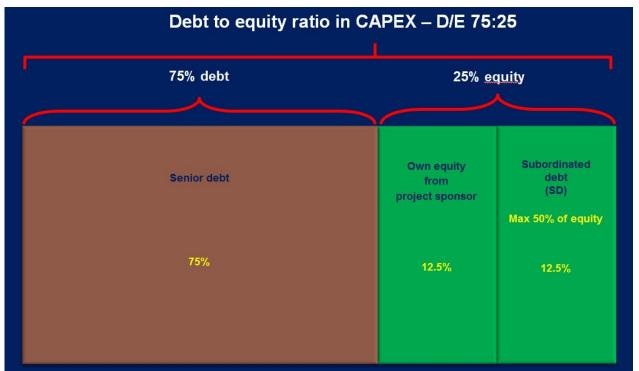








Key parameters – example











Key parameters - pricing

- SD pricing = subordination premium over the senior debt margin
 - SD premium = approx. 200 bps
 - Possible fixed interest rate
- SD pricing should assure that SDs remain competitive to the alternative sources of equity capital which may either be unavailable to a given RES project - or may be significantly more expensive









Key parameters - repayment

- Repayment longer by 6-12 months ("the tail") than senior debt
- If project company insolvent > SD would have:
 - a lower repayment priority than senior debt
 - a higher repayment priority than sponsor's equity

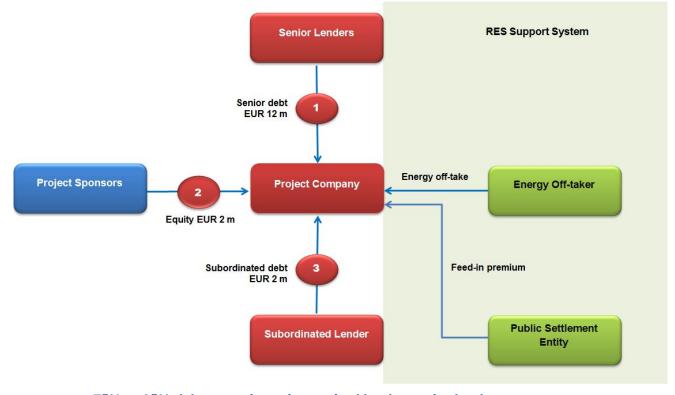








How would SD work?



75% to 25% debt to equity ratio required by the senior lenders

CAPEX = EUR 16 m

Senior lenders > senior loan (75% CAPEX) EUR 12 m to the SPV

Equity capital requirement (25% of CAPEX) EUR 4 m

50% split between equity (sponsors) EUR 2 m

Quasi-equity via SD EUR 2 m















